

The Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei urban agglomeration consists of two municipalities, Beijing and Tianjin, and 11 prefectural-level cities in Hebei Province, covering an area of 216,800 square kilometres, with a total population of more than 110 million, and contributing close to 10% to the national GDP, which is unique among the urban agglomerations ...

The results show that the shallow geothermal energy in the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei Plain can meet the heating and cooling demand of 6×10^8 m² of buildings, equivalent to 1.15×10^7 t of standard coal, thus reducing carbon dioxide emissions by 2.73×10^7 t and reducing sulfur dioxide emissions by 1.95×10^5 t.

As an important clean and renewable energy, geothermal energy boasts huge reserves. Scholars have carried out extensive research on the background and assessment of geothermal resources in the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region and obtained valuable basic data since Si-guang Li advocated for the development and utilization of geothermal energy in China ...

2 China University of Geosciences (Beijing), Beijing 100083, China 3 Stanford University, CA 94305-4007, USA wangxinwei.xxsy@sinopec , maoxiang.xxsy@sinopec Keywords: Karst geothermal reservoir, Geothermal system, Resource Evaluation, Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei Plain ABSTRACT The Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei Plain covers an area of about 87,000 km² ...

Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region - There are increasing pressures on the regional resource and environment so that we urgently need to set the foundation, and then explore the valid method to ease the pressure and to enhance carrying capacity. ... The proportion of new energy should be increased to achieve low carbon and clean utilization of ...

The results showed that the carbon storage of Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region from 2030 to 2060 was ranked as inertial development scenario > ecological protection scenario > ...

Average carbon emission efficiency of Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei cities from 017 to 2019 In Figure 2 told us that the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region presents a spatial layout of "low efficiency values ...

The coordinated development of Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei (BTH) is a major regional strategy in China that aims to alleviate Beijing's non-capital functions and address the "big city disease". Understanding the spatial distribution and changing trends of industrial development in BTH is critical for achieving BTH's coordinated development goals. In ...

Beijing-tianjin-hebei new energy storage field

The Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region is an important economic center and regional energy consumption center in China, accounting for more than 10 % of the country's total energy consumption. ... and is widely used in the field of barrier identification (Baykaso?lu ... Among them, immature new energy storage technology (X43) directly affects ...

The construction of Energy Internet is an important measure to strengthen the coordination of green energy development in Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region and promote the development of renewable energy.

1. Introduction. Synergy theory assumes that within the same unified body, if the development goals are the same, there is a possibility for the realisation of synergistic development, which leads to sustainable development []. Rauch proposed the concept of "regional economic synergy development" in 2009 based on synergy theory []. Regional development is ...

The role of ecosystems in sequestering carbon is becoming increasingly important as China's "dual-carbon" strategy and the construction of an ecological civilisation continue to be promoted and implemented. The rapid economic development of the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region is accompanied by the problem of excessive carbon emissions. ...

(1) The energy-related carbon emissions in Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region increased from 8220 × 10⁴ t in 2003 to 20981 × 10⁴ t in 2013, with a growth rate of 155.2% and an average annual growth rate of 9.8%. (2) Industry sector accounts for almost 80% of energy consumption in Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region.

Unlike Tianjin and Hebei, Beijing has reached the adaptive stage of moderate synergy. In second place is Hebei, with an ecological synergy degree of 0.069 in 2006 and 0.278 in 2018. ... actively strive for technical support and industrial transfer from Beijing and Tianjin, change its industrial and energy structures, cultivate its own green ...

The Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei Region consists of Beijing City, Tianjin City, and 11 municipalities in Hebei Province (113°05'-119°50' E, 36°05'-42°39' N), covering an area of 218,000 km². It is one of the three major urban agglomerations in China, which has undergone the most rapid urbanization in northern China.

Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment (GRACE)-derived groundwater storage anomalies (GWSA) have been used to highlight groundwater depletion in regional aquifer systems worldwide. However, the ...

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